

# NKX2-1 (AB4345) Rabbit mAb

#### M2511

### **Key Features**

Host SpeciesReactivityApplications• Rabbit• Human, Mouse• WB, ELISA

MW Isotype
• 39 kDa (calculated)
• 1gG

• 41 kDa (observed)

#### **Recommended Dilution Ratios**

Application Dilution

WB, ELISA WB, 1:1000-1:5000 | ELISA, Recommended starting concentration is 1  $\mu$  g/mL. Please

optimize the concentration based on your specific assay requirements.

#### **Storage**

Storage Conditions Store at-20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Storage buffer

The antibody is provided in liquid form in phosphate - buffered saline with 50% glycerol, 0.05% BSA, and 0.05% provided in liquid form in phosphate - buffered saline with 50% glycerol, 0.05% BSA, and 0.05%

proclin300.

## **Basic Information**

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone Number AB4345

Immunogen Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 20 - 110 of human NKX2 - 1.

**Specificity** This antibody detects endogenous levels of NKX2-1 protein.

Purification Affinity purification Protein A

**Concentration** Product concentration may vary by batch. Please refer to the product COA for details.

### **Target Information**

Gene name NKX2-1

Protein Name NKX2-1

Database Link Organism Swiss Prot. Gene ID

Human P43699 7080

Background This gene encodes a protein initially identified as a thyroid-specific transcription factor. The encoded

protein binds to the thyroglobulin promoter and regulates the expression of thyroid-specific genes but has also been shown to regulate the expression of genes involved in morphogenesis. Mutations and deletions in this gene are associated with benign hereditary chorea, choreoathetosis, congenital hypothyroidism, and neonatal respiratory distress, and may be associated with thyroid cancer. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. This gene shares the symbol/alias 'TTF1' with another gene, transcription termination factor 1, which plays a role in ribosomal

gene transcription.



